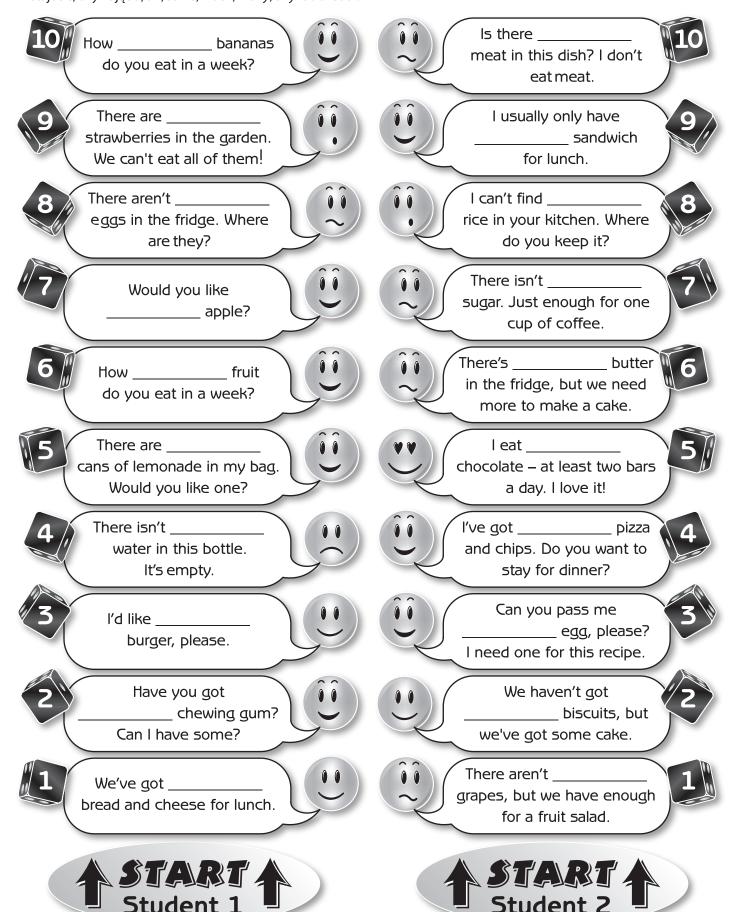
Up and down

Rzucajcie na zmianę kostką i poruszajcie się pionkiem w górę lub w dół. Uzupełniajcie zdania w polach, na których stajecie, używając *a, an, some, much, many, any* lub *a lot of*.



You are what you eat

On a typical day, how many people eat some red meat?

FIND OUT

On a typical day, how many people eat some brown bread?

FIND OUT

On a typical day, how many people eat some fresh fruit?

FIND OUT

On a typical day, how many people eat some green salad?

FIND OUT

On a typical day, how many people drink some cola?

FIND OUT

On a typical day, how many people drink some orange juice?

FIND OUT











On a typical day, how many people eat some fresh fish?

FIND OUT

On a typical day, how many people eat some pasta?

FIND OUT

On a typical day, how many people eat some green vegetables?

FIND OUT

On a typical day, how many people eat some fast food?

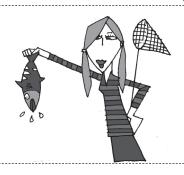
FIND OUT

On a typical day, how many people drink some black coffee?

FIND OUT

On a typical day, how many people drink some hot chocolate?

FIND OUT













▶ 5 CLIL (Biology)

Healthy eating

A

- 1 Uzupełnij zdania wyrazami, które wybierze twój kolega/twoja koleżanka z ramki pod swoim tekstem.
 - You get energy from eating food. Food contains ______ and your body turns these into energy.
 - b When you eat bread or potatoes, you eat a lot of ______
 - Foods like milk, eggs and yoghurt are called ______products.
 - d You find these naturally in foods and they help keep our bodies healthy. Each ______ has a name using a different letter of the alphabet.
 - e When you cook something, you use different ______to make the dish.





Words for Student B:

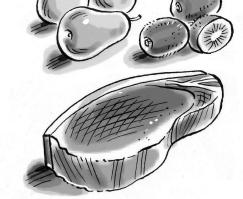
fruit balanced energy meals protein



- 1 Uzupełnij zdania wyrazami, które wybierze twój kolega/twoja koleżanka z ramki pod swoim tekstem.
 - a It's important to have a ______ diet to be healthy.

 Eating too much of one type of food is not good for you.
 - b ______is found in foods like meat, eggs and milk.

 People need it to grow strong and healthy.
 - Pears, kiwis and blueberries are all kinds of ______.
 - When we eat, our body turns the food into _____.
 - Breakfast, lunch and dinner are different ______.



Words for Student A:

ingredients calories vitamin carbohydrates dairy



- 2 Pracujcie w grupach. Zadawajcie sobie pytania i odpowiadajcie na nie.
 - 1 Which foods have a lot of carbohydrates? How often do you eat these foods?
 - 2 Which dairy products do you eat? How often do you eat them?
 - 3 Which foods do you eat that have vitamin C? How often do you eat them?
 - 4 Which foods do you eat that have a lot of protein? How often do you eat them?
 - 5 How many calories do you eat every day?
 - 6 Do you eat your meals at the same times each day?